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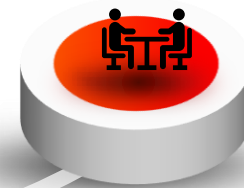
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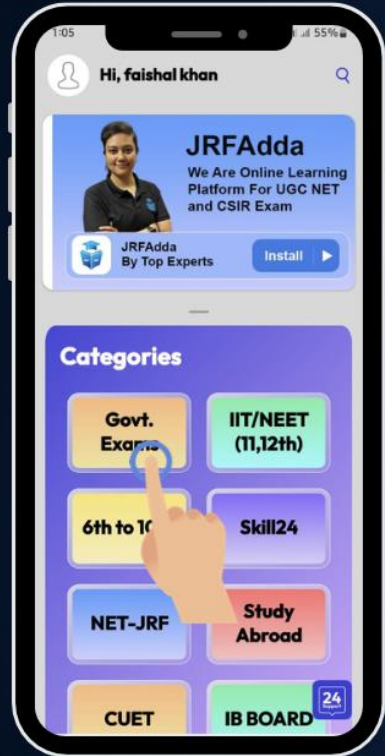
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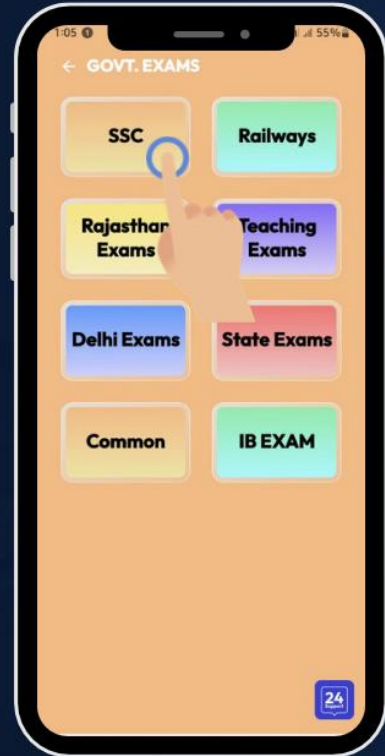
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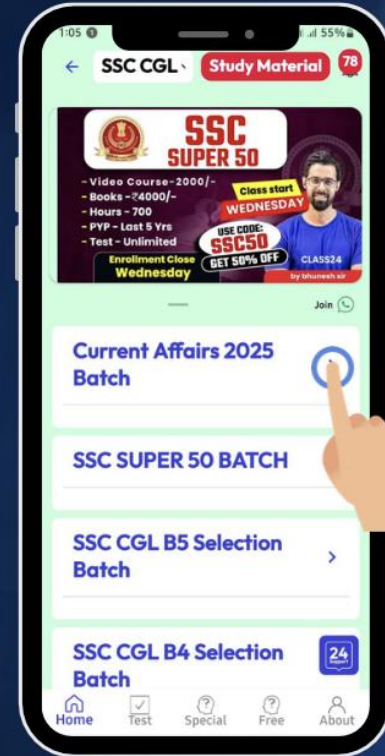
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– Simon Sinek,
Leaders Eat Last

“Leadership is not about being in charge. It is about taking care of those in your charge.”



India ‘protests’ new Chinese counties in Ladakh

Beijing forms 2 new counties in Hotan prefecture that incorporate territory of India’s Ladakh

India has ‘never accepted’ illegal Chinese occupation in this area, says the Ministry of External Affairs

MEA raises ‘concerns’ over announcement of mega dam project over Yarlung Tsangpo

Kallol Bhattacharjee

NEW DELHI

India has lodged a “solemn protest” with China over the formation of two counties in the Hotan prefecture that incorporates territory of India’s Ladakh.

Speaking to reporters during the weekly briefing on Friday, Ministry of External Affairs (MEA) spokesperson Randhir Jaiswal reminded China that India “never accepted” Beijing’s “illegal occupation of Indian territory in this area”.

Concerns conveyed

He further stated categorically that India has also conveyed its “concerns” about the building a mega hydro power project in the upstream Yarlung Tsangpo, which is the Tibetan

name of Brahmaputra, that flows through Arunachal Pradesh and Assam.

“We have never accepted the illegal Chinese occupation of Indian territory in this area. Creation of new counties will neither have a bearing on India’s long-standing and consistent position regarding our sovereignty over the area nor lend legitimacy to China’s illegal and forcible occupation of the same,” said Mr. Jaiswal. “We have lodged a solemn protest with the Chinese side through diplomatic channels,” he said.

The protest from the Indian side came after Chinese news agency Xinhua reported on December 27, 2024 that the authorities in northwest Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region had declared the formation of



Fresh row: New counties in Hotan will have no bearing on India’s sovereignty over the area, says MEA spokesperson. GETTY IMAGES

He’an County and Hekang County, in the Hotan prefecture. The Hotan prefecture contains parts of Aksai Chin that India accuses China of occupying and formation of the two new counties appears like Beijing firming up administra-

tive measures in the region.

India-China meet

The protest from the Indian side is significant as it comes against the backdrop of the December 18, 2024 meeting between the

Special Representatives for the border mechanism – National Security Adviser Ajit Doval and Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi.

The meeting is to resolve the tension that erupted in eastern Ladakh in June 2020 that has since been termed the ‘Galwan clashes’.

In another significant turn, Mr. Jaiswal categorically spelt out India’s concern on the announced mega dam project over Yarlung Tsangpo in the deep gorges of the eastern Himalayas that fall under Chinese control. “As a lower riparian state with established user rights to the waters of the river, we have consistently expressed, through expert-level as well as diplomatic channels, our views and concerns to the Chinese side

over mega projects on rivers in their territory,” said Mr. Jaiswal.

World’s largest dam

Chinese news agency Xinhua had earlier announced that Beijing has approved the construction of the world’s largest dam, estimated at \$137 billion on the Brahmaputra river in Tibet close to the Indian border.

The Chinese authorities have approved the construction of the hydel power project in the lower reaches of Yarlung Tsangpo. The mega dam is designed to be the largest infrastructure project in the world. Once constructed, the gigantic dam would dwarf even the Three Gorges Dam, which is now considered to be the largest. The MEA spokesperson hinted that the announce-

ment of the dam was not communicated to India through official channels as is the norm in the case of neighbours sharing major rivers and said the Ministry of External Affairs got to know the information through a news report by Xinhua on December 25, 2024. India’s view, Mr. Jaiswal said, was “reiterated, along with need for transparency and consultation with downstream countries, following the latest report.”

“The Chinese side has been urged to ensure that the interests of downstream states of the Brahmaputra are not harmed by activities in upstream areas. We will continue to monitor and take necessary measures to protect our interests,” said Mr. Jaiswal.

- **Protest Against New Chinese Counties:**

- भारत ने चीन के होटन प्रिफेक्चर में दो नए जिलों के निर्माण को लेकर कड़ा विरोध दर्ज कराया है, जो भारत के लद्दाख क्षेत्र को शामिल करते हैं।
- These new counties, He'an और Hekang, ऐसे क्षेत्र में आते हैं, जिसे भारत अक्सार्ई चिन के रूप में अपना मानता है। यह क्षेत्र 1962 के युद्ध के बाद से चीन के नियंत्रण में है।
- **Historical Context:** अक्सार्ई चिन का क्षेत्र 1962 के भारत-चीन युद्ध के बाद से दोनों देशों के बीच सीमा विवाद का मुख्य बिंदु रहा है।
- **Political Impact:** नए जिलों का गठन चीन की प्रशासनिक पकड़ को मजबूत करता है, जिससे क्षेत्र में तनाव और बढ़ सकता है।

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- **Summary in Both Languages (Seamless Integration with Historical, Geographical, Political, and Economic Contexts):**
 - **Protest Against New Chinese Counties:**
 - भारत ने चीन के होटन प्रिफेक्चर में दो नए जिलों के निर्माण को लेकर कड़ा विरोध दर्ज कराया है, जो भारत के लद्दाख क्षेत्र को शामिल करते हैं।
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 - **Political Impact:** नए जिलों का गठन चीन की प्रशासनिक पकड़ को मजबूत करता है, जिससे क्षेत्र में तनाव और बढ़ सकता है।
 - **Illegal Occupation Issue:**
 - भारत ने स्पष्ट किया है कि उसने कभी भी इस क्षेत्र में चीन के "अवैध कब्जे" को मान्यता नहीं दी है।
 - Creation of new counties does not legitimize China's claims on the disputed area.
 - **Geographical Significance:** अक्साई चिन लद्दाख और तिब्बत के बीच स्थित है और सामरिक दृष्टि से अत्यंत महत्वपूर्ण है।
 - **Political Context:** यह मुद्दा भारत की क्षेत्रीय संप्रभुता और अंतरराष्ट्रीय सीमाओं के उल्लंघन से जुड़ा हुआ है।

- **Concerns Over Mega Dam Project:**

- भारत ने यारलंग त्सांगपो नदी (जो भारत में ब्रह्मपुत्र के नाम से जानी जाती है) पर चीन के मेगा हाइड्रोइलेक्ट्रिक डैम परियोजना को लेकर चिंता जताई।

- This dam, estimated at \$137 billion, is designed to be the largest infrastructure project globally.

- **Geographical Impact:** ब्रह्मपुत्र नदी तिब्बत से निकलती है और भारत के अरुणाचल प्रदेश और असम से होकर बहती है, जो इसे भारत और बांग्लादेश के लिए जल सुरक्षा का प्रमुख स्रोत बनाती है।

- **Political and Economic Concerns:** यह परियोजना न केवल जल प्रवाह को प्रभावित कर सकती है, बल्कि भारत के निचले इलाकों में कृषि और बिजली उत्पादन पर भी असर डाल सकती है।

- **World's Largest Dam:**

- चीन ने दुनिया के सबसे बड़े बांध के निर्माण को मंजूरी दी है, जिसकी लागत \$137 बिलियन है।

- Once completed, the dam will surpass the Three Gorges Dam and generate significant energy.

- **Environmental Concerns:** यह परियोजना नदी के पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र को बदल सकती है और नीचे के क्षेत्रों में रहने वाले लोगों की आजीविका को खतरे में डाल सकती है।

- **Economic Context:** इस परियोजना को चीन की वैश्विक ढांचागत महत्वाकांक्षाओं और बेल्ट एंड रोड पहल के हिस्से के रूप में देखा जा रहा है।

- **India-China Meeting:**

- यह विरोध 18 दिसंबर, 2024 को भारत के राष्ट्रीय सुरक्षा सलाहकार अजीत डोभाल और चीनी विदेश मंत्री वांग यी के बीच बैठक के साथ हुआ।

- The meeting aimed to address the long-standing tensions following the 2020 Galwan clashes.

- **Historical Significance:** गलवान झड़पें भारत-चीन संबंधों में एक महत्वपूर्ण मोड़ थीं, जिसने सीमा पर सैन्य निर्माण और राजनयिक संबंधों में तनाव पैदा किया।

- **Political Context:** बैठक का उद्देश्य पूर्वी लद्दाख में शांति बहाल करना था, जहां दोनों देशों के बीच लंबे समय से तनाव है।

- **Concerns on Water Rights:**

- भारत ने एक निचले तटीय राज्य के रूप में अपने अधिकारों पर जोर दिया और चीन से यह सुनिश्चित करने का आग्रह किया कि नदी के निचले इलाकों को नुकसान न हो।

- India emphasized the need for transparency and consultation over such projects that impact shared water resources.

- **Geopolitical Significance:** ब्रह्मपत्र जैसे साझा जल संसाधनों पर नियंत्रण का मुद्दा भारत और चीन के बीच जल संबंधों में एक प्रमुख चुनौती है।

- **Economic Impact:** अगर जल प्रवाह में बदलाव होता है, तो यह पूर्वोत्तर भारत की कृषि, जलविद्युत और पेयजल आपूर्ति को बाधित कर सकता है।

Health Ministry monitoring HMPV outbreak in China

Bindu Shajan Perappadan

NEW DELHI

The Union Health Ministry said on Friday that it was closely monitoring the alleged outbreak of Human Metapneumovirus (HMPV) in China. The Ministry maintained that while China had reported a rise in respiratory illness, particularly HMPV, India had not registered any unusual spike in winter respiratory diseases.

Five years after the COVID pandemic, China is experiencing a surge in HMPV cases, particularly in children under 14 years of age. Symptoms include cough, fever, and shortness of breath, with potential complications like bronchitis and pneumonia. The country has seen cases rise in its northern provinces, *Reuters* had re-

ported. Cases of HMPV had been reported in 2011-12 in the U.S., Canada, and Europe.

The Ministry's National Centre for Disease Control is closely monitoring respiratory and seasonal influenza cases in the country and is in touch with international agencies, noted a senior official.

No cause of alarm

Meanwhile, Director-General of Health Services Atul Goel told presspersons on Friday that no case of the respiratory illness – HMPV – has been reported in the country yet. Stating that the Union government was closely monitoring news about the possible HMPV outbreak in China, he added that as of now, there was no cause for alarm.

“HMPV is like any other respiratory virus that caus-



Under watch: The Ministry said it is closely monitoring respiratory and seasonal influenza cases in the country. FILE PHOTO

es flu-like symptoms, mostly in the elderly and children,” said Dr. Goel, adding that respiratory illnesses are common during winters and that hospitals in India are equipped to deal with them. “Special

medicines are not needed because there are no antiviral drugs against this. There are no major cases, in hospitals or as per Indian Council of Medical Research data,” he added.

According to the Cen-

ters for Disease Control and Prevention, the public health agency of the United States, HMPV can cause upper and lower respiratory disease in people of all ages, especially among young children, older adults, and people with weakened immune systems.

Discovered in 2001, the HMPV belongs to the Pneumoviridae family along with respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).

Broader use of molecular diagnostic testing has increased identification and awareness of HMPV as an important cause of upper and lower respiratory infection.

Symptoms commonly associated with the virus include cough, fever, nasal congestion, and shortness of breath. Clinical symptoms of HMPV infection

may progress to bronchitis or pneumonia and are similar to other viral infections that cause upper and lower respiratory infections. The estimated incubation period is three to six days, and the median duration of illness can vary depending upon severity but is like other respiratory infections caused by viruses.

The HMPV is most likely to spread from an infected person to others through secretions from coughing and sneezing, and close personal contact such as touching or shaking hands, touching objects or surfaces that have the viruses on them before touching the mouth, nose, or eyes.

In the U.S., the HMPV circulates in distinct annual seasons. HMPV circulation begins in winter and lasts until or through spring.




- **Monitoring of HMPV Outbreak in China**

- केंद्रीय स्वास्थ्य मंत्रालय ने कहा है कि चीन में ह्यूमन मेटाप्रोनोमवायरस (HMPV) के प्रकोप की निगरानी की जा रही है।

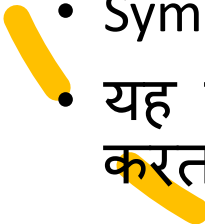
- The Ministry reported that China has seen a rise in respiratory illnesses, particularly HMPV, especially in children under 14 years of age.

- **Symptoms and Impact**




- लक्षणों में खांसी, बुखार, सांस लेने में तकलीफ, और कभी-कभी ब्रॉकाइटिस और निमोनिया शामिल हैं।

- Symptoms include flu-like conditions, fever, nasal congestion, and shortness of breath.



- यह वायरस कमजोर इम्यून सिस्टम वाले लोगों, बच्चों और बुजुर्गों को अधिक प्रभावित करता है।





- **Spread and Characteristics**

- HMPV मुख्य रूप से संक्रमित व्यक्ति के खांसने, छींकने या निकट संपर्क से फैलता है।

- It spreads through secretions from infected individuals, close contact, or touching contaminated surfaces.



- **No Cause for Alarm**

- अभी भारत में HMPV के किसी भी मामले की पुष्टि नहीं हुई है।



- The Director-General of Health Services, Dr. Atul Goel, assured that there is no cause for alarm in India.



- **Scientific Context**

- 2001 में खोजा गया HMPV वायरस Pneumoviridae परिवार का हिस्सा है।

- Discovered in 2001, HMPV belongs to the same family as respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).



- **Historical, Geographical, Political, and Economic Points:**

- 1. Historical Context:**

1. HMPV पहली बार 2001 में पहचाना गया था, और यह श्वसन संक्रमण का एक महत्वपूर्ण कारण बन गया है।
2. The virus was identified as a significant respiratory pathogen, similar to RSV, over two decades ago.

- 2. Geographical Impact:**

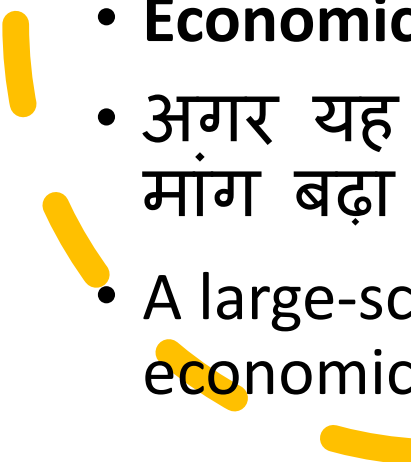
1. चीन में HMPV का प्रकोप उत्तरी प्रांतों में अधिक देखा गया है, खासकर ठंड के मौसम में।
2. The outbreak is more prevalent in northern provinces of China, typically during the winter season.



- **Political Dimensions:**

- यह स्थिति COVID-19 महामारी के बाद वैश्विक स्वास्थ्य प्रणालियों की सतर्कता और सहयोग का हिस्सा है।
- Post-COVID, this highlights the importance of international monitoring systems and transparency in managing infectious diseases.

- **Economic Implications:**

- अगर यह प्रकोप बढ़ा होता है, तो यह स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं और दवाओं की मांग बढ़ा सकता है, जिससे आर्थिक दबाव पड़ सकता है।
 - A large-scale outbreak could strain healthcare systems and increase economic pressure on affected regions.
- 

Modi calls AAP a 'disaster' that needs to be removed; Kejriwal strikes back

At the inauguration of Union govt. sponsored projects, the PM accused the Delhi govt. of corruption; Kejriwal retorts that the AAP govt. is 'not the one that lays foundation stones only before the election' but focuses on continuous development

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Friday attacked the Aam Aadmi Party (AAP) saying that over the last 10 years, an "aap'da (disaster) had befallen Delhi. People of Delhi had made up their minds to vote for the BJP in the Delhi Assembly election scheduled next month so that this "aap'da could be removed, Mr. Modi said.

The remark drew a sharp reaction from AAP national convener Arvind Kejriwal who said that the only disaster that had befallen Delhi was the law and order situation which came under the purview of the Union government.

Mr. Modi, speaking at an event in Ashok Vihar to inaugurate a host of Central government-sponsored infrastructure projects, raised the slogan of *ko nahi saherge, badal kar*



Affordable housing: Narendra Modi hands over the key of a newly constructed flat to a beneficiary in New Delhi. SURESH KUMAR PUSHPAKAR

raherge (we will not tolerate disaster, we will remove it), drawing the headlines for the high-stakes election. He hit out at the AAP-led Delhi government — which often refers to itself as *Kaamrandh* (staunchly honest) — as a *keezar beimaan* (dishonest to the core) government that exploited social activists Anna Hazare's anti-corruption movement to come to power.

He accused the AAP of making false promises and including in its manifesto numerous sectors ranging

from school education to fighting pollution and liquor trade. "These people commit corruption and then glorify it," he said.

"BJP has no vision" — Addressing a press conference after Mr. Modi's address, Mr. Kejriwal said that in 2015, two governments came to power, the BJP at the Centre and the AAP in Delhi with both having control over the affairs of the capital. "If the BJP had done any work in the capital, Mr. Modi would not have had to

spend 39 minutes of his 43-minute speech cursing the people of the capital and the government they elected with the largest mandate," Mr. Kejriwal said.

He added that he could list a host of developments from education and health to water and sanitation in Delhi but the Centre was silent on this election. They only have the disastrous law and order situation to show," Mr. Kejriwal said.

Mr. Modi promised that 2025 would usher in a new era of good governance in Delhi. "The year 2025 will strengthen the spirit of nation first, countrymen first," and mark the launch of a new politics focused on nation-building and public welfare, Mr. Modi said. He added that the pe-

ople of Delhi would finally be able to benefit from good governance, such as Pradhannantri Suryaghar Muff Bill Yojana and Ashwini Bharat Yojana that would provide the poor and middle class.

Commenting on the Prime Minister laying the foundation stone of a college and two new campuses for the Delhi University in 10 years, Mr. Kejriwal said: "In these 10 years, I built more than 22,000 new classrooms, three new universities, 11 vocational colleges and six university campuses. Our government is a working government, not the one that only lays foundation stones before elections."

In a veiled attack at the former Chief Minister, Mr. Modi said he could also have built a *sheesh mahal* (glass palace) for himself but his dream was to empower every citizen in the country.

Arun Deep
NEW DELHI

The Union government on Friday announced the draft Digital Personal Data Protection (DPDP) Rules, 2025, which will enforce provisions of the Digital Personal Data Protection Act, 2023. While the Act was passed more than a year ago, the rules that will result in its enforcement have not been under development, and are only now being floated for public consultation.

The DPDP Act provides a legal framework for "data fiduciaries" — entities that collect personal data from users, subject to their consent in a working format — in order to protect that data against misuse and penalise firms that violate data protection principles.

It is open for public feedback until February 18. The draft specifies the nature of the notice that data fiduciaries must provide to users before collecting their data: what data

Data must be deleted if a user is not social media platform for an extended period of time, say rules

they're collecting it, and "a fair account of the details necessary to enable the data principal to give specific and informed consent for the processing of her personal data".

Consent managers The draft also provides for the registration of so-called consent managers, which work with data fiduciaries for collecting consent under the specified format from users. Subject to certain "standards", the government and its "instrumentalities" can collect data for the purpose of providing subsidies and benefits, the draft says. Data collected for "statistical" purposes is also exempt.

A data fiduciary "shall protect personal data in its possession or under its control... by taking reasonable security safeguards to prevent personal data breach," the rules say, by providing for technical and operational safeguards. Within 72 hours of a data breach, the Data Protection Board of India, which is yet to be set up, should be informed, the rules say.

In certain cases where a user is not using an e-commerce provider, social media platform, or online gaming service under the registration of so-called consent managers, which work with data fiduciaries for collecting consent under the specified format from users. Subject to certain "standards", the government and its "instrumentalities" can collect data for the purpose of providing subsidies and benefits, the draft says. Data collected for "statistical" purposes is also exempt.

Children's data For minors, "appropriate technical and organisational measures (shall be adopted) to ensure that verifiable consent of the parent is obtained before the processing of personal data of a child," it says.

Prashant Kishor draws support for BPSK protest

Amit Bhehari
PATNA

Jan Suraj Party (JSP) founder Prashant Kishor on Friday continued his nine fast-unto-death for the second consecutive day in Patna seeking cancellation of 70th Bihar Public Service Commission (BPSC) Combined (Preliminary) Competitive Examination (CCE) held on December 13 following an alleged paper leak.

Fasting in severe cold, Mr. Kishor got support from BPSK candidates and many others who gathered at the spot under Gandhi Statue in Gandhi Maidan here. The protesting candidates shouted the slogan, *Jo Sarkar re-exam na Karwa Sakar, Wo Nahi Kar Ni-kammi Hai* (The government which cannot conduct re-exam is useless).

The JSP leader sat on a fast on January 2 evening with five demands, which include a high-level investigation into the irregularities in the conduct of the examination, re-examination, and allowance for unemployed youth in the 18-35 age group as promised by Chief Minister Nitish Kumar under *Sant Nishchay Yojna* in 2015.

Other demands include a white paper on the investigation of irregularities and paper leaks in competitive examinations in the last 10 years along with the action taken against culprits, and the action taken against officers responsible for lathi-charge on students in Patna on December 29.

Besides, there is also a demand for implementation of a domicile policy to ensure that at least two-thirds share of government jobs are given to the youth of Bihar.

EPFO completes rollout of centralised system for pensioners

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Employees' Provident Fund Organisation (EPFO) has completed full-scale implementation of the new Centralised Pension Payments System (CPPS) to provide EPF pensions under the process. CPPS is a testament to our commitment to modernising EPFO services and ensuring convenience, transparency and efficiency for our pensioners," Mr. Mandavaya said.

Paradigm shift The EPFO has been maintaining that the CPPS is a paradigm shift from the existing pension disbursement system that is decentralised with each zonal/regional office of the EPFO maintaining separate agreements with only three to four banks.

Hazy mornings

BJP to launch two-week campaign on Constitution, Ambedkar from January 11

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

Hours after the Congress launched a campaign on Constitution, the BJP on Friday announced that it would launch its own two-week campaign on January 11 to spread awareness of the country's supreme legal document and its framers.

The BJP will organise programmes in at least 50 cities, including all State capitals, apart from numerous local-level exercises, the sources said. Different wings of the party will also reach out to students to highlight constitutional values, they added.

The issue of the Constitution has been particularly sensitive for the BJP following the Opposition's campaign during last year's Lok Sabha election

alleging that the ruling party wanted a brute majority in the Lok Sabha in order to effect radical constitutional changes, including ending reservations.

Three BJP leaders — Vinod Tawde, Tarun Chugh, and Dushyant Kumar Gautam — will supervise the campaign, with Mr. Tawde named as its convener.

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Senior bureaucrat Faiz Ahmed Kidwai is new chief of DGCA

Jagriti Chandra
NEW DELHI

Senior IAS officer Faiz Ahmed Kidwai is the new Director-General (D-G) of the Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA). Currently an additional secretary in the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, Mr. Kidwai is a 1996-batch IAS officer of Madhya Pradesh cadre.

The top official has the task before him of resolving the stalemate between airlines and pilots over the latter's duty and rest norms. The new rules announced in 2024 increased weekly rest for pilots from 36 hours to 48 hours as well as curtailed night flying, following concerns from the cockpit crew over mounting fatigue as well as instances of deaths of pilots while on duty.



Faiz Ahmed Kidwai

D.C. Sharma, was assigned the additional charge of the D-G. The top official has the task before him of resolving the stalemate between airlines and pilots over the latter's duty and rest norms. The new rules announced in 2024 increased weekly rest for pilots from 36 hours to 48 hours as well as curtailed night flying, following concerns from the cockpit crew over mounting fatigue as well as instances of deaths of pilots while on duty.

Vande Bharat sleeper trains see top speed of 180 kmph after multiple trials in 3 days

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Vande Bharat sleeper train has achieved a peak speed of 180 kilometres per hour following multiple trials in the last three days.

"The trials will continue till this month end before the facility is made available to the rail commuters," the Minister of Railways said in a statement. A video shared by Union Railway Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw on X shows a nearly full train achieving a top speed of 180 kmph on a mobile on a plain surface inside a Vande Bharat sleeper train. The water level remains static as the train moves at the constant peak speed of 180 kmph per hour. The post came after three days of successful trials, in which the train achieved a top speed of 180 kmph on a mobile on a plain surface inside a Vande Bharat sleeper train. The water level remains static as the train moves at the constant peak speed of 180 kmph per hour. The post came after three days of successful trials, in which the train achieved a top speed of 180 kmph on a mobile on a plain surface inside a Vande Bharat sleeper train. The water level remains static as the train moves at the constant peak speed of 180 kmph per hour. 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Vande Bharat sleeper trains see top speed of 180 kmph after multiple trials in 3 days

The Hindu Bureau

NEW DELHI

The Vande Bharat sleeper train has achieved a peak speed of 180 kilometres per hour following multiple trials in the last three days.

“The trials will continue till this month end before the facility is made available to the rail commuters,” the Ministry of Railways said in a statement. A video shared by Union Railway Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw on X shows a nearly full to brim glass of water adjacent to a mobile on a plain surface inside a Vande Bharat sleeper train. The water level remains static as the moving train achieves near constant peak speed of 180 km per hour. The post came after third day of successful trials, in which the train in its loaded condition touched the peak speed.

A day earlier on January 1, the sleeper train on Wednesday went through a 40-km long trial run between Rohal Khurd to Kota and




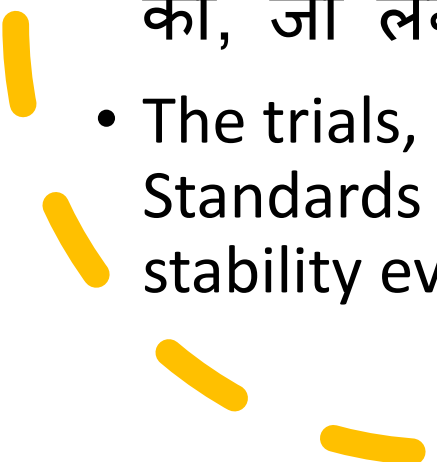
Scaling up: The Vande Bharat sleeper trains are designed with features like automatic doors and WiFi services. FILE PHOTO

touched the peak speed of 180 km per hour. On the same day, peaks of 170 km/hr and 160 km/hr were achieved on Kota-Nagda and Rohal Khurd-Chau Mahla sections. “These trials will continue for the month of January under the supervision of RDSO, Lucknow,” railway officials said, referring to the Research Designs and Standards Organisation (RDSO).

Officials said the real challenge for the Railways was to add berths and test the trains for full passenger and luggage load conditions in order to convert them into Vande Bharat

sleeper coaches while achieving the peak speed of 180 km/hour.


With these successful trials, commuters can hope for a comfortable travel experience in long-distance like Kashmir to Kanyakumari, Delhi to Mumbai, Howrah to Chennai and other routes. “They will benefit as travel time will come down considerably. The current average speed of Mumbai-Delhi travel is 90 km/hr with maximum permissible speed of 140 km/h for Tejas Rajdhani Express, which is the fastest among all Rajdhani train services,” officials said.

- 
- Here's the **summary in both languages seamlessly** from the article along with historical, geographical, political, and economic perspectives:
 - **Vande Bharat Sleeper Trains Achieve 180 km/h Speed**
 - वंदे भारत स्लीपर ट्रेन ने 180 किलोमीटर प्रति घंटा की शीर्ष गति हासिल की, जो लगातार तीन दिनों के कई परीक्षणों के बाद हुआ।
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- The trials, conducted under the supervision of the Research Designs and Standards Organisation (RDSO), showcased the train's ability to maintain stability even at high speeds.
- **Key Features and Trials:**
- एक वीडियो में दिखाया गया कि वंदे भारत ट्रेन में पानी से भरा ग्लास स्थिर रहा, जबकि ट्रेन 180 किमी/घंटा की गति से चल रही थी।
- The train also achieved speeds of 170 km/h on the Kota-Nagda route and 160 km/h on the Rohal Khurd-Chau Mahla section during trials.
- These tests were conducted on fully loaded conditions, ensuring the train can handle both passenger and luggage weight effectively.




- **Benefits for Passengers:**

- सफल परीक्षणों के साथ, यात्रियों को लंबी दूरी की यात्रा जैसे कश्मीर से कन्याकुमारी, दिल्ली से मुंबई और हावड़ा से चेन्नई में आरामदायक अनुभव मिलेगा।
 - Travelers can expect reduced travel time, with current speeds for Mumbai-Delhi routes (90 km/h average) expected to improve significantly.
- 



- **Challenges for Railways:**

- रेलवे के लिए मुख्य चनौती स्लीपर कोचों में बर्थ और सामान रखने की व्यवस्था को समायोजित करना था।
 - The goal is to transform these trains into efficient long-distance options, surpassing the speeds of Tejas and Rajdhani Express trains.
- 

- **Historical, Geographical, Political, and Economic Points:**

- 1. Historical Context:**

1. वंदे भारत एक्सप्रेस को भारत की पहली स्वदेशी सेमी-हाई-स्पीड ट्रेन के रूप में डिजाइन किया गया था।
2. This initiative is a continuation of India's efforts to modernize its rail infrastructure since independence.

- 2. Geographical Impact:**

1. These trains aim to connect major metropolitan cities and remote regions, improving accessibility across the country.
2. देश के विभिन्न हिस्सों को जोड़ने के लिए यह प्रोजेक्ट राष्ट्रीय एकता को मजबूत करेगा।



- **Political Significance:**

- This development aligns with the government's 'Make in India' initiative and emphasizes self-reliance in critical sectors.

- यह रेलवे परियोजना भारत की अधोसंरचना और चुनावी लाभ के लिए एक महत्वपूर्ण उपलब्धि है।

- **Economic Implications:**



- Faster trains will boost tourism, reduce logistical costs, and improve business connectivity.

- तेज़ गति वाली ट्रेनें व्यापार और पर्यटन को बढ़ावा देंगी, जिससे आर्थिक विकास होगा।

- With reduced travel times, industries can better connect with urban and rural markets.



MHA: India's recalculated coastline up 48% in 53 yrs

Umamaheswara.Rao
@timesofindia.com

Visakhapatnam: India's coastline expanded by 47.6% in just over five decades — from 7,516km in 1970 to 11,098km in 2023-24 — with states like West Bengal, Gujarat and Goa adding significantly to their shoreline, according to an MHA report based on new terms of reference for measuring coastal accretion and erosion.

Gujarat's recalculated coastline contributed the most to this growth — from 1,214km in 1970 to 2,340km in the past

NEW PARAMETERS

- While earlier method relied on straight-line distance, new one **factors in complex coastal formations such as bays, estuaries and inlets**
- Tamil Nadu's coast, with a revised length of 1,068km, has overtaken Andhra (1,053km)
- **Puducherry's coastline shrinks 4.9km**, a departure from general upward revision

53 years. West Bengal's was the highest rise in percentage terms — up 357% to 721km.

► **Continued on P 9**

संपत्तियों की ई-नीलामी के लिए नया पोर्टल 'बैंकनेट' पेश

नई दिल्ली, 3 जनवरी (भाषा)।

वित्तीय सेवा सचिव एम नागराजू ने शुक्रवार को वाणिज्यिक संपत्तियों, औद्योगिक भूमि, दुकानों, वाहनों और कृषि एवं गैर-कृषि भूमि की ई-नीलामी के लिए नया पोर्टल पेश किया।

वित्त मंत्रालय ने एक बयान में कहा कि 'बैंकनेट' नाम का यह पोर्टल ई-नीलामी वाली संपत्तियों के बारे में सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के सभी बैंकों से जानकारी को इकट्ठा करता है और खरीदारों एवं निवेशकों को संपत्तियों की जानकारी तलाशने का एक मंच मुहैया कराता है। बैंकनेट पर सूचीबद्ध होने वाली संपत्तियों में फ्लैट, स्वतंत्र घर और भूखंड, वाणिज्यिक संपत्तियां, एवं भवन, दुकानें, वाहन और कृषि एवं गैर-कृषि भूमि शामिल हैं। इन सभी संपत्तियों के विवरणों को एक ही स्थान पर एकत्र कर यह पोर्टल संपत्तियों की ई-नीलामी के बारे में जानकारी जुटाने और उसमें भाग लेने की प्रक्रिया को आसान बनाता है।

नेपाल के पर्वतारोही मिंगमा जी शेरपा हुए सम्मानित

काठमांडो, 3 जनवरी (भाषा)।

जाने-माने नेपाली पर्वतारोही मिंगमा जी शेरपा को शुक्रवार को सम्मानित किया गया, जिन्होंने अतिरिक्त आक्सीजन का उपयोग किए बिना 8,000 मीटर से अधिक ऊंची सभी 14 चोटियों पर चढ़ने वाला पहला नेपाली पर्वतारोही बनकर इतिहास रचा था।

मिंगमा (38) अक्टूबर में तिब्बत में शीशा पंगमा (8,027 मीटर ऊंची) चोटी पर अपराह्न लगभग चार बज कर छह मिनट पर पहुंचे और अतिरिक्त आक्सीजन के उपयोग के बिना 8,000 मीटर की 14 चोटियों पर चढ़ने वाले नेपाल के पहले पर्वतारोही बन गए।

पर्यटन, संस्कृति एवं नागरिक उड्डयन राज्य मंत्री अरुण कुमार चौधरी ने शुक्रवार को काठमांडो में नेपाल पर्वतारोहण संघ द्वारा



आयोजित एक कार्यक्रम में मिंगमा को सम्मानित किया। डोलखा जिले के रोलवालिंग ग्रामीण नगर पालिका में जन्मे मिंगमा ने पहली बार 2007 में दुनिया की सबसे ऊंची चोटी एवरेस्ट (8,848.86 मीटर) पर चढ़ाई की और चार अक्टूबर, 2024 को माउंट शीशा पंगमा (8,027 मीटर) पर चढ़कर अपना मिशन पूरा किया।

मिंगमा (38) अक्टूबर में तिब्बत में शीशा पंगमा (8,027 मीटर ऊंची) चोटी पर अपराह्न लगभग चार बज कर छह मिनट पर पहुंचे और अतिरिक्त आक्सीजन के उपयोग के बिना 8,000 मीटर की 14 चोटियों पर चढ़ने वाले नेपाल के पहले पर्वतारोही बन गए।

पेशे से 'माउंटेन गाइड' मिंगमा छह बार माउंट एवरेस्ट पर चढ़ चुके हैं। वह नेपाल में पर्वतारोहण एजेंसी 'इमैजिन नेपाल' के मालिक भी हैं। उन्होंने कहा, 'पहाड़ी देश नेपाल का नागरिक होने के नाते, मैंने अंतरराष्ट्रीय क्षेत्र में अपने देश की प्रतिष्ठा बढ़ाने के लिए बिना आक्सीजन सिलेंडर के 14 ऊंची चोटियों पर

चढ़ने का साहस किया।' उन्होंने सरकार से आपात स्थिति का सामना करने वाले पर्वतारोहियों को बचाने के लिए सुविधाओं से लैस एक स्थायी बचाव दल बनाने का अनुरोध किया ताकि देश में पर्वतीय पर्यटन को बढ़ावा दिया जा सके। उन्होंने कहा कि सुविधाओं से लैस बचाव दल की अनुपस्थिति में कई शेरपाओं की जान खतरे में पड़ जाती है।

वहीं घर पहुंचने के बाद भव्य स्वागत होने के बाद मिंगमा जी शेरपा ने बताया कि मैं बहुत खुश हूँ, कि मैं दुनिया भर के सात महाद्वीपों की सभी सबसे ऊंची चोटियों पर चढ़ सका। मेरा सपना था कि मैं नेपाल का नाम दुनिया के शीर्ष पर ले जाऊं और एक विशेषज्ञ बनूं। 4 अक्टूबर, 2024 को, मैंने पूरक आक्सीजन के बिना 8,000 मीटर की ऊंचाई से ऊपर सभी 14 चोटियों पर चढ़ने की अपनी क्षमता पूरी कर ली।

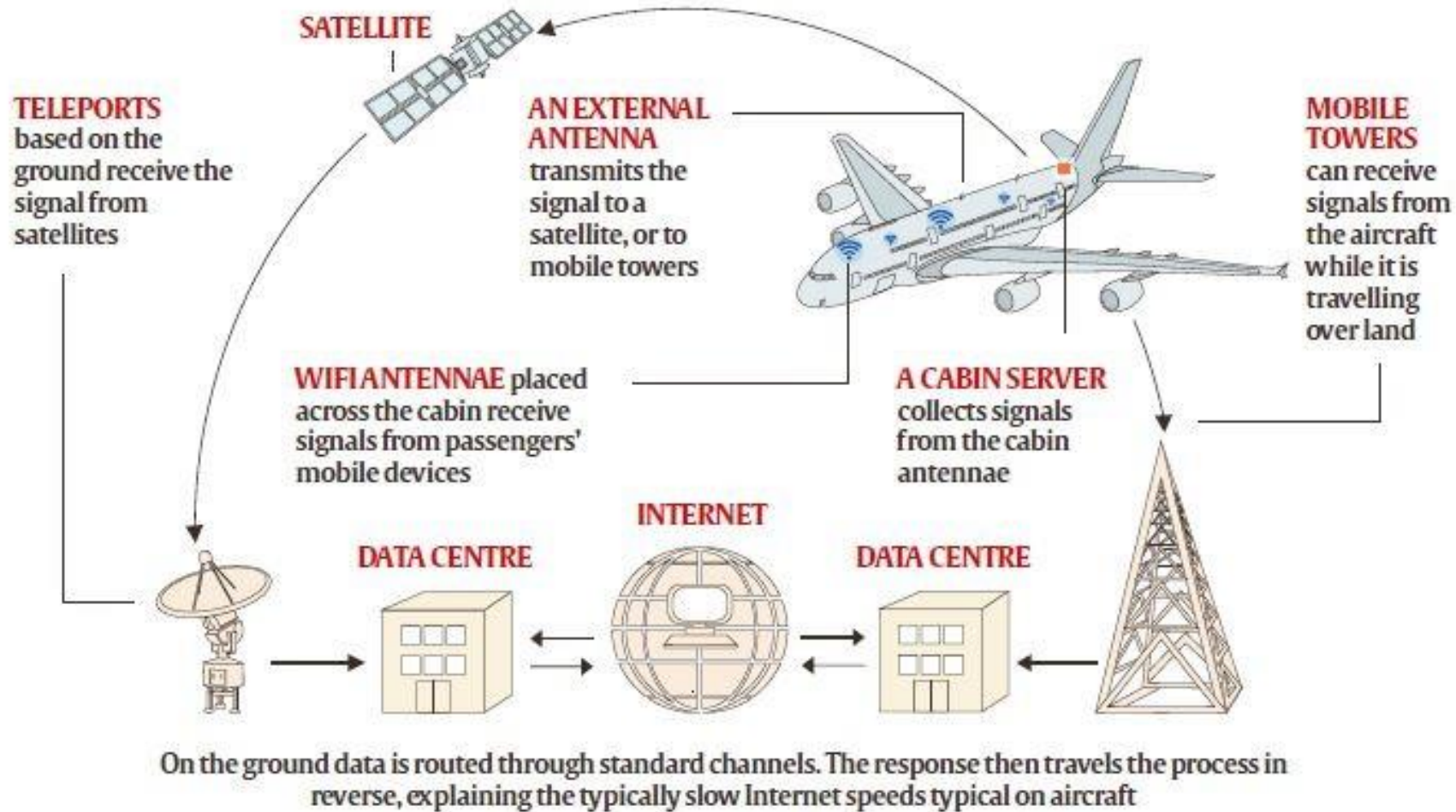


In Flight Internet

- Air India, part of the Tata Group, has become the first Indian airline to offer in-flight Internet on domestic flights.



From the sky to the ground and back



CAN YOU MAKE CALLS FROM THE SKY?

WHILE technically possible, it depends on airlines and country-specific civil aviation regulations. Lufthansa has said that Internet telephony applications such as Skype, too, are "not allowed out of consideration for other passengers".

AIR INDIA has not said whether Internet-based voice calls will be allowed, but it is learnt that such calls are not permitted. Voice notes using instant messaging applications like WhatsApp can be sent.




- **About In-Flight Internet:**


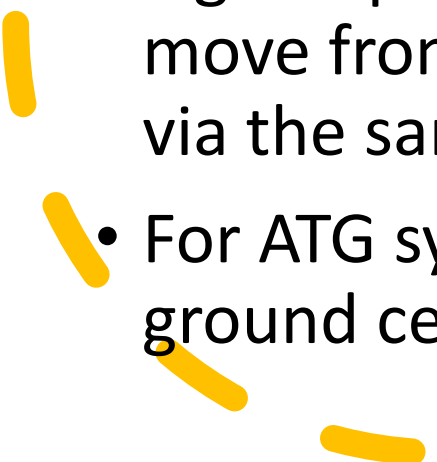
- **What it is:** In-flight Wi-Fi provides passengers with Internet connectivity during flights, enabling access to online services like browsing, streaming, and messaging.

- **How it works:**

- **Technology used:** Two primary systems – **Air-to-Ground (ATG)** and **Satellite-Based Connectivity**.


- **ATG:** Uses antennae under the aircraft to connect with ground cellular towers. Suitable for regions with dense tower networks.



- 
- Satellite-Based:
 - Uses antennae on top of the aircraft to communicate with satellites, ensuring wider coverage, especially over oceans and remote areas.
 - Signal Transmission: Devices connect to in-cabin Wi-Fi antennae.
 - Signals pass through an onboard server. For satellite systems, signals move from the server to satellites, then to ground stations, and back via the same route.
 - For ATG systems, signals travel directly between the aircraft and ground cellular towers.
- 



- **Features and Benefits:**

- **Enhanced Passenger Experience:** Browsing, streaming, and connecting with the world mid-air.
 - **Convenience:** Integration with existing airline portals for seamless connectivity.
 - **Flexibility:** Compatibility with multiple devices.
- 


-
- **Limitations of In-Flight Wi-Fi:Slower Speeds:** Typically, slower than ground-based Internet due to technological constraints.
 - **High Costs:** Expensive equipment installation and maintenance for airlines, with potential charges for passengers.
 - **Limited Coverage:** ATG technology struggles over large water bodies or remote areas

The background is a detailed architectural floor plan of a building complex, rendered in a light blue, semi-transparent style. The plan shows various rooms, corridors, and structural elements. Several circular callouts with numbers are scattered throughout, such as '3' in the upper left, '107' in the center, and '108' in the lower right. Text labels like 'F-9 BLOK' and 'KAZIPLIK OVASI' are also visible. The overall aesthetic is technical and professional.


Project VISTAAR

- IIT Madras has partnered with the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare to launch Project VISTAAR (**Virtually Integrated System to Access Agricultural Resources**)

About Project VISTAAR:



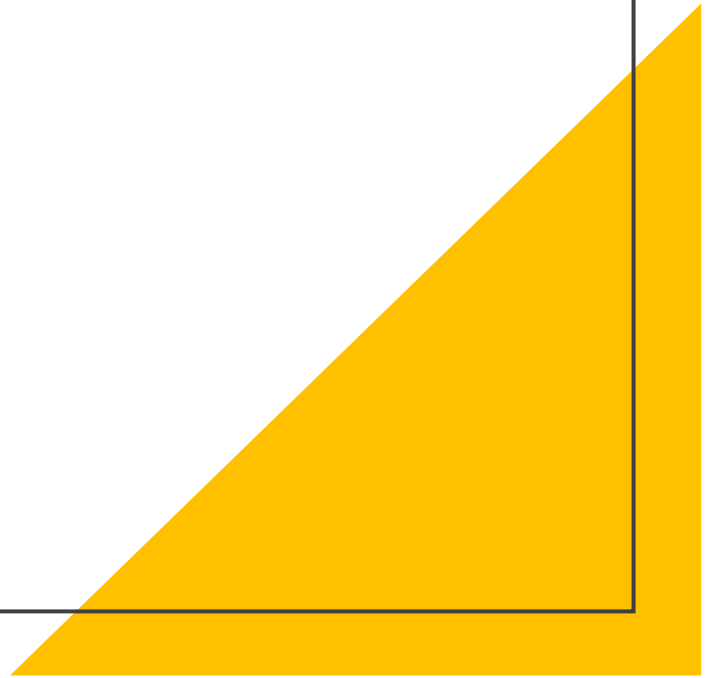
What it is: A digital platform designed to enhance agricultural extension services, making critical information and start-up innovations accessible to farmers.



Ministry involved: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare in collaboration with IIT Madras.

- Objectives:

- **Digitalise the agricultural extension system** to improve efficiency and outreach.
- Provide farmers access to **start-up-driven innovations and technologies** in agriculture and allied sectors.
- Enhance adoption of **sustainable and climate-resilient** farming practices



Key Features:

Integration of data on over 12,000 Agri-startups through IIT Madras' startup information platform and it incubate, YNOS Venture Engine. Advisory services covering crop production, marketing, value addition, and supply chain management.

Easy access to government schemes related to agriculture and rural development.

Delivery of accurate, timely, and contextual information to farmers to improve decision-making

Ramesh Chand Committee

- The Indian government has formed an 18-member expert panel, led by NITI Aayog member Ramesh Chand, to revise the Wholesale Price Index (WPI) and explore a transition to a Producers' Price Index (PPI).

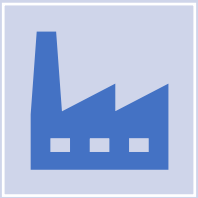
About Wholesale Price Index (WPI):

What it is: WPI measures changes in the prices of goods sold and traded in bulk at the wholesale level. It is a key indicator of inflationary trends in the economy.

Released by: The Office of Economic Advisor, Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry.



Aim:




Track supply and demand dynamics in industries.



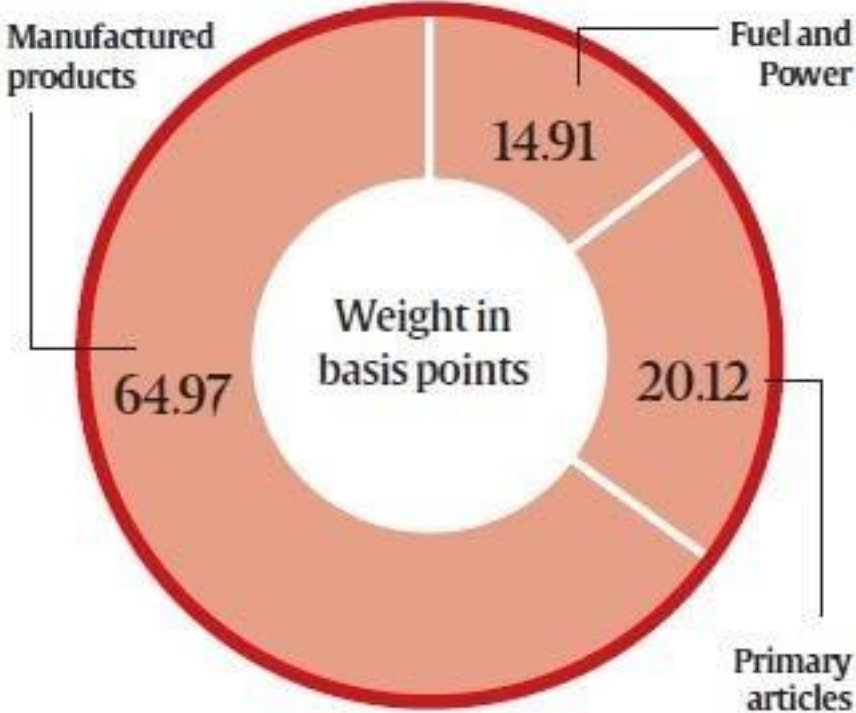
Provide a measure of wholesale inflation in the economy. Align with other economic indicators like GDP.



- **Key Features:**

- **Base Year:** Updated to 2011-12 in the current series, under revision to 2022-23.
 - **Number of Items:** Tracks prices of 697 items, including 117 primary items, 16 fuel and power items, and 564 manufactured products.
 - **Excludes:** Services sector (unlike CPI, which includes both goods and services).
- 

WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX



- **Advantages of PPI Over WPI:**

- **Industry-Centric Inflation Measurement:** Captures price changes from the perspective of producers, providing an early signal of inflation trends.
- **Focus on Production Stages:** Reflects price shifts before goods and services reach consumers, aiding better policy decisions.
- **International Alignment:** Adheres to the System of National Accounts (SNA), making it more suitable for global economic comparisons.
- **Broader Scope:** Includes services, unlike WPI, which is restricted to goods.
- **Global Adoption:** Has replaced WPI in many countries as a more precise tool for measuring economic activity.

Mubarak

Manzil Palace



- The 17th-century Mubarak Manzil, or Aurangzeb's Haveli, a Mughal heritage site in Agra, was largely demolished, allegedly by a builder with official collusion, despite state archaeological protection.



About Mubarak Manzil Palace

Located in: Agra, near the Yamuna River.

Built by: Mughal Emperor Aurangzeb after his victory at the **Battle of Samugarh**.



The 17th-century Mubarak Manzil, or Aurangzeb's Haveli, a Mughal heritage site



History: Initially served as a residence for key Mughal figures, including Shah Jahan and Aurangzeb. Renamed by Aurangzeb to commemorate his triumph.



Modified during British rule, functioning as a customs house and salt office. Later became a goods depot for the East Indian Railway.



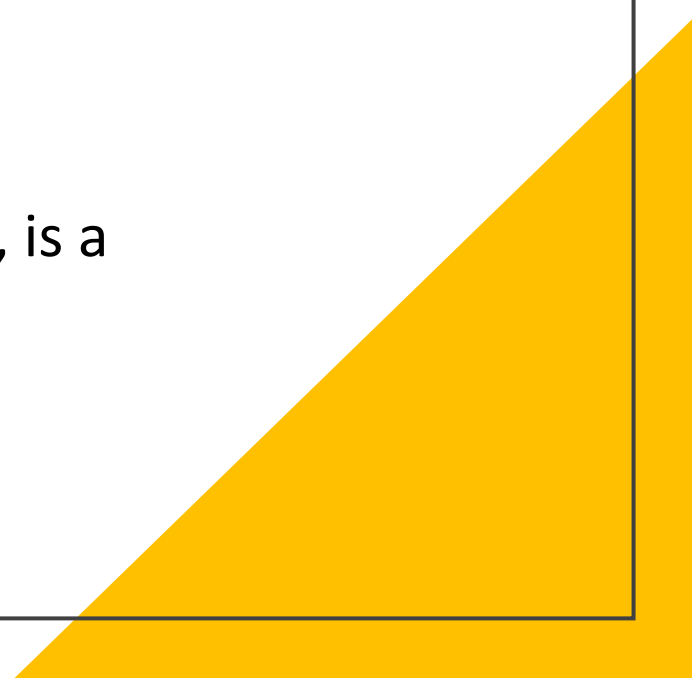
Agra, was largely demolished, allegedly by a builder with official collusion, despite state archaeological protection.

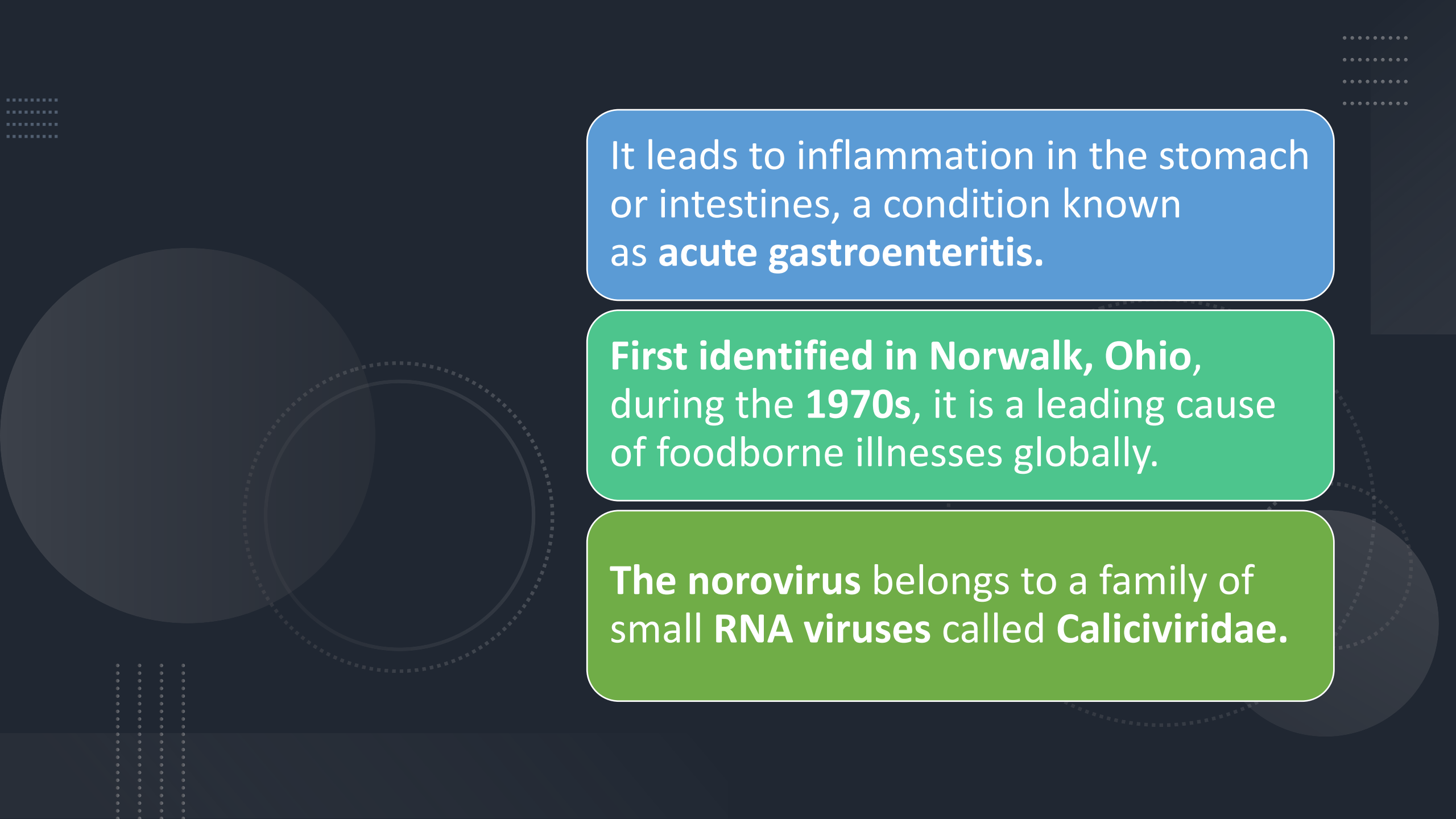
- **Architectural Features:**

- Red sandstone base with arched **lower floors and Mughal minarets.**
- Reflects a blend of Mughal and British architectural styles.
- Known for its intricate detailing, as documented in **Archibald Carlyle's 1871** report.

A solid yellow right-angled triangle is positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, with its hypotenuse facing the top-left.

Norovirus

- Recently a surge in the outbreak of Norovirus has been detected in parts of the United States.
 - **About**
 - **Norovirus**, often called the **stomach flu** or **stomach bug**, is a highly contagious virus causing vomiting and diarrhea.
- 
- A large yellow triangle is positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, pointing towards the top right.



It leads to inflammation in the stomach or intestines, a condition known as **acute gastroenteritis**.

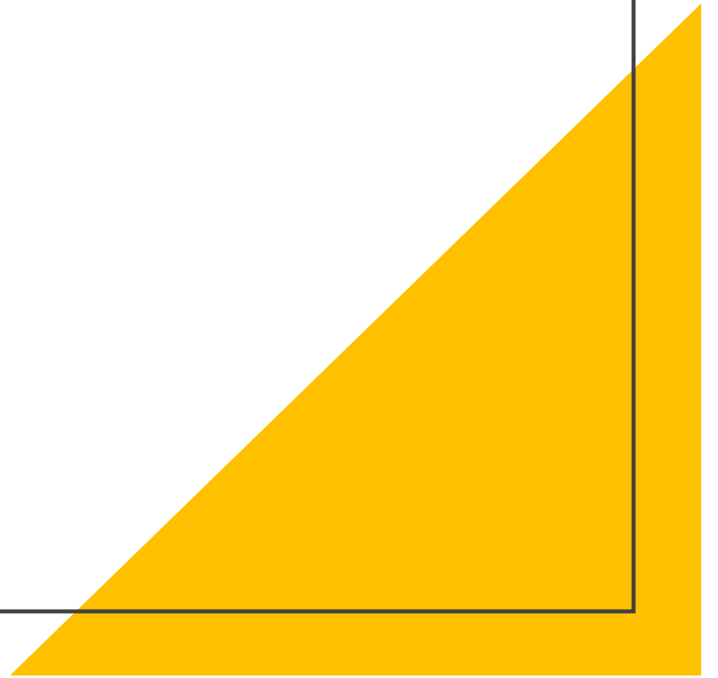
First identified in Norwalk, Ohio, during the **1970s**, it is a leading cause of foodborne illnesses globally.

The norovirus belongs to a family of small **RNA viruses** called **Caliciviridae**.

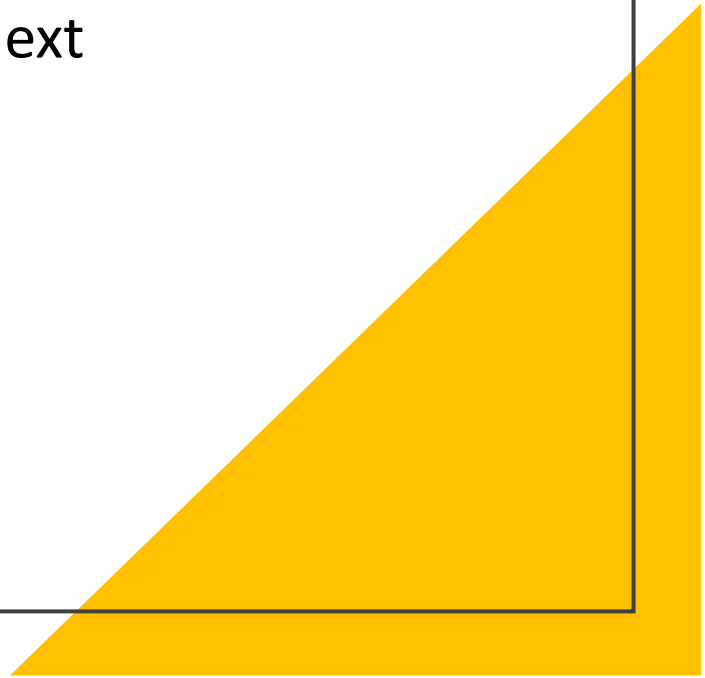
Transmission: Norovirus spreads rapidly through multiple routes; **direct contact**, by consumption of contaminated food or liquids & aerosolised particles released by an infected person.

Symptoms: vomiting, diarrhea, and stomach pain and nausea

Banana Cultivation



- India has seen a tenfold increase in banana exports over the past decade, aiming for \$1 billion in exports within the next five years.
-



Banana Cultivation

About: Bananas are a major horticultural crop.

Geographical Condition: It evolved in the humid tropical regions of Southeast Asia, with India being one of its centers of origin.

Today, bananas are grown in warm tropical regions worldwide, between 30°N and 30°S of the equator. It needed deep, rich loamy soil.



Major varieties: Dwarf Cavendish, Robusta, Monthan, Poovan, Nendran, etc.



Cultivated areas: Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra, Kerala, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Telangana, and Uttar Pradesh.

A blurred photograph of a modern office interior. In the background, several people are seated around a long wooden table, engaged in a meeting. The scene is brightly lit by large windows, creating a bokeh effect with soft, out-of-focus light spots. The overall atmosphere is professional and collaborative.

Top 10 MCQ from the session for
every exam

- What is the key objective of Project VISTAAR launched by IIT Madras and the Ministry of Agriculture?

आईआईटी मद्रास और कृषि मंत्रालय द्वारा शुरू की गई परियोजना विस्तारित का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या है?

- **A. Promote digital education for farmers / किसानों के लिए डिजिटल शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देना**
- **B. Digitize the agricultural extension system / कृषि विस्तार प्रणाली का डिजिटलीकरण करना**
- **C. Enhance exports of agricultural products / कृषि उत्पादों के निर्यात को बढ़ावा देना**
- **D. Develop high-yield crop varieties / उच्च उपज वाली फसल किस्मों का विकास करना**

- What is the base year for the Wholesale Price Index (WPI) revision planned by the Ramesh Chand Committee?
रमेश चंद समिति द्वारा योजना के तहत थोक मूल्य सूचकांक (WPI) के लिए आधार वर्ष क्या है?
- **A. 2004-05**
- **B. 2011-12**
- **C. 2022-23**
- **D. 2025-26**

- What is the architectural significance of the Mubarak Manzil Palace?
मुबारक मंजिल महल की वास्तुशिल्पीय विशेषता क्या है?
- A. Built entirely with white marble / पूरी तरह से सफेद संगमरमर से निर्मित
- B. Reflects a blend of Mughal and British architectural styles / मुगल और ब्रिटिश वास्तुशिल्पीय शैलियों का मिश्रण दर्शाता है
- C. Contains the largest dome in India / भारत में सबसे बड़ा गुंबद शामिल है
- D. Known for its underground tunnels / अपनी भूमिगत सुरंगों के लिए प्रसिद्ध

- What is the projected target for India's banana exports over the next five years?
अगले पांच वर्षों में भारत के केले के निर्यात का अनुमानित लक्ष्य क्या है?
- **A. \$500 million**
- **B. \$750 million**
- **C. \$1 billion**
- **D. \$2 billion**

- Which virus is known as the stomach flu and has caused recent outbreaks in the United States?
कौन सा वायरस पेट फ्लू के रूप में जाना जाता है और हाल ही में संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका में इसके प्रकोप देखे गए हैं?
- **A. Norovirus / नोरोवायरस**
- B. HMPV / एचएमपीवी**
- C. RSV / आरएसवी**
- D. Rotavirus / रोटोवायरस**

- What myth is debunked about adding salt to water?
पानी में नमक डालने से संबंधित कौन सी मिथक को खारिज किया गया है?
- A. It makes water freeze faster / यह पानी को तेजी से जमाता है
- B. It makes water boil faster / यह पानी को तेजी से उबालता है
- C. It prevents water from boiling / यह पानी को उबलने से रोकता है
- D. It decreases the boiling temperature / यह उबाल के तापमान को कम करता है

- What is the estimated cost of China's mega dam project on the Yarlung Tsangpo River?
यारलुंग त्सांगपो नदी पर चीन की मेगा डैम परियोजना की अनुमानित लागत क्या है?
- **A. \$50 billion**
- **B. \$100 billion**
- **C. \$137 billion**
- **D. \$200 billion**

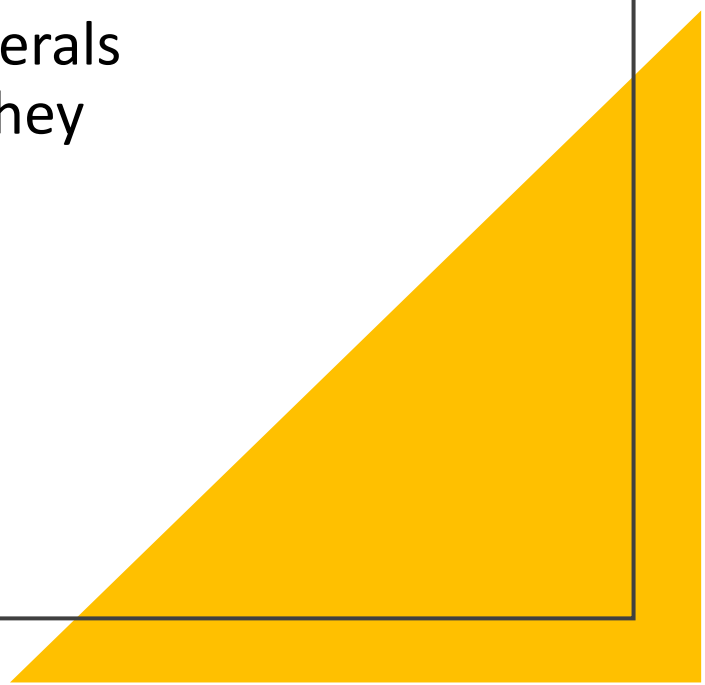
- Which type of Internet connectivity does Air India now offer on domestic flights?
एयर इंडिया अब घरेलू उड़ानों पर कौन सी प्रकार की इंटरनेट कनेक्टिविटी प्रदान करता है?
- **A. Fiber-based Internet / फाइबर आधारित इंटरनेट**
- **B. Air-to-Ground and Satellite-Based Connectivity / एअर-टू-ग्राउंड और सैटेलाइट आधारित कनेक्टिविटी**
- **C. Cellular Tower Networks Only / केवल सेल्युलर टॉवर नेटवर्क**
- **D. High-Speed Fiber Optics / उच्च गति फाइबर ऑप्टिक्स**

- What major challenge was identified for Vande Bharat sleeper trains during trials?
परीक्षणों के दौरान वंदे भारत स्लीपर ट्रेनों के लिए मुख्य चुनौती क्या पहचानी गई?
- **A. Passenger comfort at high speeds / उच्च गति पर यात्रियों की सुविधा**
- **B. Stability of the train / ट्रेन की स्थिरता**
- **C. Arrangement of berths and luggage storage / बर्थ और सामान भंडारण की व्यवस्था**
- **D. Connectivity issues on long-distance routes / लंबी दूरी के मार्गों पर कनेक्टिविटी समस्याएं**

- What technology is primarily used in satellite-based in-flight Internet systems?
सैटेलाइट आधारित इन-फ्लाइट इंटरनेट सिस्टम में मुख्य रूप से कौन सी तकनीक का उपयोग किया जाता है?
- **A. Cellular Towers / सेल्युलर टॉवर**
- **B. Ground Stations and Satellites / ग्राउंड स्टेशन और सैटेलाइट्स**
- **C. Fiber Optics / फाइबर ऑप्टिक्स**
- **D. Microwave Transmission / माइक्रोवेव ट्रांसमिशन**

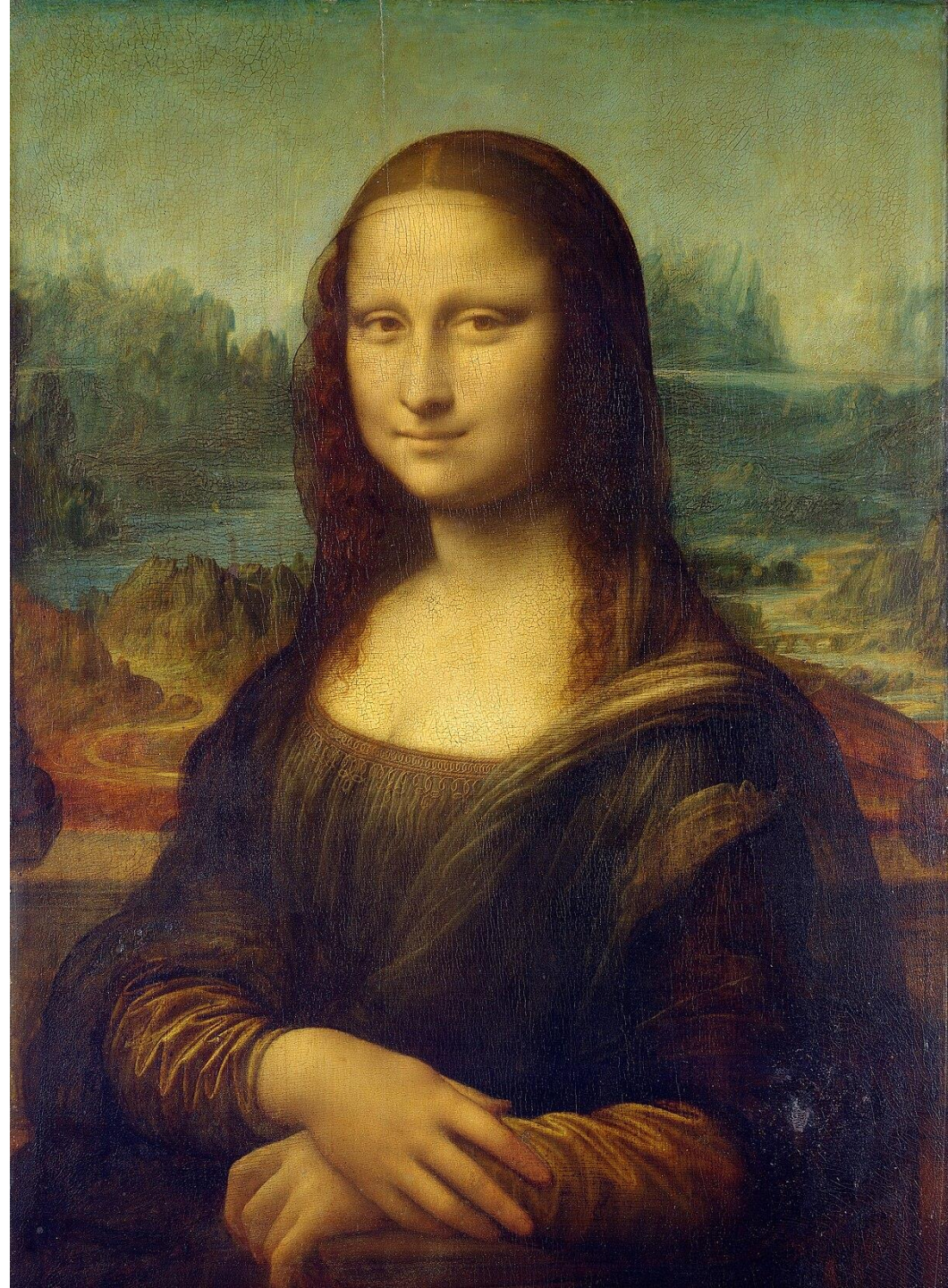
- **Importance** :Bananas are a popular, nutritious fruit rich in carbohydrates, vitamins (especially B vitamins), and minerals like potassium, phosphorus, calcium, and magnesium. They are easy to digest, fat-free, and cholesterol-free.

-



Myth : The Mona Lisa was famous from the start.

- **Truth:** The Mona Lisa gained fame after it was stolen from the Louvre in 1911, sparking global media attention.



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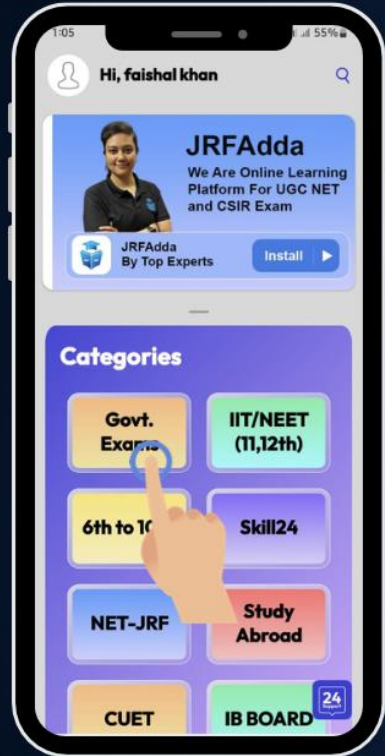
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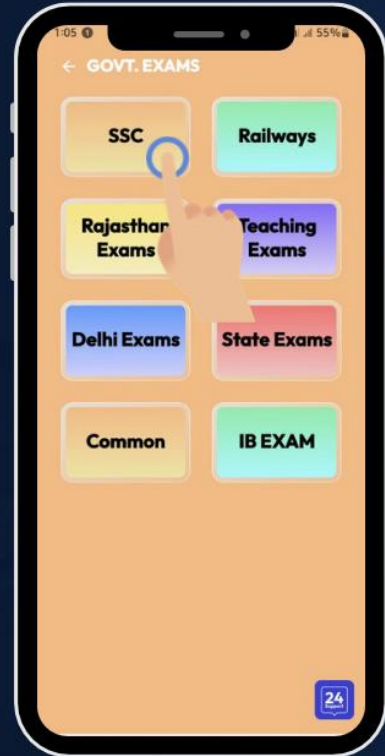
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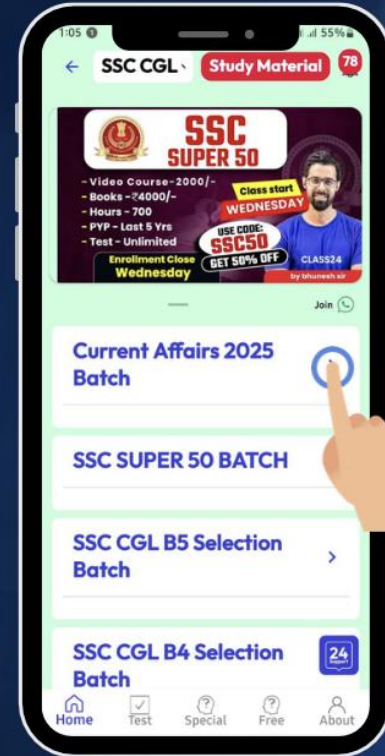
Step 1



Step 2




Step 3



Step 4





Thank you
guys.
